

applicable sections of parts 101 and 130 of this chapter.

[42 FR 14360, Mar. 15, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 19836, May 9, 1978; 43 FR 29769, July 11, 1978; 43 FR 36622, Aug. 18, 1978; 47 FR 11823, Mar. 19, 1982; 49 FR 10091, Mar. 19, 1984; 54 FR 24892, June 12, 1989; 58 FR 2890, Jan. 6, 1993]

§ 131.130 Evaporated milk.

(a) *Description.* Evaporated milk is the liquid food obtained by partial removal of water only from milk. It contains not less than 6.5 percent by weight of milkfat, not less than 16.5 percent by weight of milk solids not fat, and not less than 23 percent by weight of total milk solids. Evaporated milk contains added vitamin D as prescribed by paragraph (b) of this section. It is homogenized. It is sealed in a container and so processed by heat, either before or after sealing, as to prevent spoilage.

(b) *Vitamin addition.* (1) Vitamin D shall be present in such quantity that each fluid ounce of the food contains 25 International Units thereof within limits of good manufacturing practice.

(2) Addition of vitamin A is optional. If added, vitamin A shall be present in such quantity that each fluid ounce of the food contains not less than 125 International Units thereof within limits of good manufacturing practice.

(c) *Optional ingredients.* The following safe and suitable ingredients may be used:

- (1) Carriers for vitamins A and D.
- (2) Emulsifiers.
- (3) Stabilizers, with or without dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate (when permitted by and complying with the provisions of § 172.810 of this chapter) as a solubilizing agent.

(4) Characterizing flavoring ingredients, with or without coloring and nutritive carbohydrate sweeteners, as follows:

- (i) Fruit and fruit juice, including concentrated fruit and fruit juice.
- (ii) Natural and artificial food flavoring.

(d) *Methods of analysis.* The following referenced methods of analysis are from "Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists," 13th Ed. (1980), which is incorporated by reference. Copies may be obtained from the Association of Offi-

cial Analytical Chemists, 2200 Wilson Blvd., Suite 400, Arlington, VA 22201-3301, or may be examined at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(1) Milkfat content—"Fat—Official Final Action," section 16.172.

(2) Total milk solids—"Total Solids—Official Final Action," section 16.169.

(3) Vitamin D content—"Vitamin D in Milk—Official Final Action," sections 43.195–43.208.

(e) *Nomenclature.* The name of the food is "Evaporated milk." The phrase "vitamin D" or "vitamin D added", or "vitamins A and D" or "vitamins A and D added", as is appropriate, shall immediately precede or follow the name of the food wherever it appears on the principal display panel or panels of the label in letters not less than one-half the height of the letters used in such name. The name of the food shall include a declaration of the presence of any characterizing flavoring, as specified in § 101.22 of this chapter.

(f) *Label declaration.* Each of the ingredients used in the food shall be declared on the label as required by the applicable sections of parts 101 and 130 of this chapter.

[43 FR 21670, May 19, 1978, as amended at 47 FR 11823, Mar. 19, 1982; 49 FR 10091, Mar. 19, 1984; 54 FR 24892, June 12, 1989; 58 FR 2890, Jan. 6, 1993; 59 FR 17691, Apr. 14, 1994]

§ 131.132 Evaporated skimmed milk.

(a) *Description.* Evaporated skimmed milk is the liquid food obtained by the partial removal of water only from skim milk. It contains not less than 20 percent by weight of total milk solids, and not more than 0.5 percent by weight of milkfat unless otherwise indicated. Evaporated skimmed milk contains added vitamins A and D as prescribed by paragraph (b) of this section. It may be homogenized. It is sealed in a container and so processed by heat, either before or after sealing, as to prevent spoilage.

(b) *Vitamin addition.* (1) Vitamin D shall be present in such quantity that each fluid ounce of the food contains 25 International Units thereof within limits of good manufacturing practice.

(2) Vitamin A shall be present in such quantity that each fluid ounce of the

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food contains not less than 125 International Units thereof within limits of good manufacturing practice.

(c) *Optional ingredients.* The following safe and suitable ingredients may be used:

- (1) Carriers for vitamin A and D.
- (2) Emulsifiers.
- (3) Stabilizers, with or without dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate (when permitted by, and complying with provisions of §172.810 of this chapter) as a solubilizing agent.
- (4) Characterizing flavoring ingredients, with or without coloring and nutritive carbohydrate sweeteners, as follows:

(i) Fruit and fruit juice, including concentrated fruit and fruit juice.

(ii) Natural and artificial food flavoring.

(d) *Methods of analysis.* The following referenced methods of analysis are from "Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists," 13th Ed. (1980), which is incorporated by reference. Copies may be obtained from the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, 2200 Wilson Blvd., Suite 400, Arlington, VA 22201-3301, or may be examined at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(1) Milkfat content—"Fat—Official Final Action," section 16.172.

(2) Total milk solids—"Total Solids—Official Final Action," section 16.169.

(3) Vitamin D content—"Vitamin D in Milk—Official Final Action," sections 43.195–43.208.

(e) *Nomenclature.* The name of the food is "Evaporated skimmed milk." The phrase "vitamins A and D" or "vitamins A and D added", shall immediately precede or follow the name of the food wherever it appears on the principal display panel or panels of the label in letters not less than one-half of the height of the letters used in such name. If the milkfat content is over 0.5 percent by weight, the name of the food shall be accompanied by the statement, "Contains ___% milkfat", the blank to be filled in with the fraction "1/2", or multiple thereof, closest to the actual milkfat content of the product. The name of the food shall be accompanied by a declaration indicating the

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presence of any characterizing flavoring, as specified in §101.22 of this chapter.

(f) *Label declaration.* Each of the ingredients used in the food shall be declared on the label as required by the applicable sections of parts 101 and 130 of this chapter.

[43 FR 21671, May 19, 1978, as amended at 47 FR 11823, Mar. 19, 1982; 49 FR 10091, Mar. 19, 1984; 54 FR 24892, June 12, 1989; 58 FR 2890, Jan. 6, 1993]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 61 FR 59002, Nov. 20, 1996, §131.132 was removed, effective Jan. 1, 1998.

§131.135 Lowfat milk.

(a) *Description.* Lowfat milk is milk from which sufficient milkfat has been removed to produce a food having, within limits of good manufacturing practice, one of the following milkfat contents: 1/2, 1, 1 1/2, or 2 percent. Lowfat milk is pasteurized or ultra-pasteurized, contains added vitamin A as prescribed by paragraph (b) of this section, and contains not less than 8 1/4 percent milk solids not fat. Lowfat milk may be homogenized.

(b) *Vitamin addition.* (1) Vitamin A shall be present in such quantity that each quart of the food contains not less than 2000 International Units thereof within limits of good manufacturing practice.

(2) Addition of vitamin D is optional. If added, vitamin D shall be present in such quantity that each quart of the food contains 400 International Units thereof within limits of good manufacturing practice.

(c) *Optional ingredients.* The following safe and suitable ingredients may be used:

- (1) Carriers for vitamins A and D.
- (2) Concentrated skim milk, nonfat dry milk, or other milk derived ingredients to increase the nonfat solids content of the food: *Provided*, That the ratio of protein to total nonfat solids of the food, and the protein efficiency ratio of all protein present, shall not be decreased as a result of adding such ingredients.

(3) When one or more of the optional milk derived ingredients in paragraph (c)(2) of this section are used, emulsifiers, stabilizers, or both, in an amount